**Chart Inspo**

* **Rapid charts**
* **Data Science last year**
* **Project winners**
* **Econ Observatory**

7/8 Graphs:

* Map (global and then US states zoomed in)
* Trellis charts. Show correlation between a range of indicators.
* Sideways bar with gender or insured Vs non insured ?
* 2 distributions to show gender specialsts/research more for men?
* Scatter plot or bubble plot years in education/waiting times - men vs women or age

Richard github American states.

Chart, scatter chart

Description automatically generated

Causation (3):

* Regression income on life expectancy

Chart, line chart

Description automatically generatedChart, bar chart

Description automatically generatedChart, scatter chart

Description automatically generatedChart, line chart

Description automatically generatedChart, bar chart

Description automatically generated

<https://ldi.upenn.edu/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/Penn-LDI-Health-Inequity-in-the-United-States-Report_5.pdf>

Graphical user interface, chart, application, line chart

Description automatically generated

The U.S. ranks poorly among OECD countries in life expectancy and infant mortality. There’s a high, and growing,

income inequality and we outspend our peer nations on health care. Not surprisingly, there are inequities in health, based on income, educational attainment, race, and place.

These inequities, or at least the ones based on income and education, appear to be growing over time. Policies to improve material resources for the poor, support parents and especially children, early in life, and extend health insurance coverage have shown promise in reducing health inequities. In the big picture, however, fundamental structural issues in our society that shape people’s opportunities are by far the most important. It’s likely that the only way to achieve health equity, rather than simply reduce inequities, is to tackle and solve these structural issues.

**Chart, line chart

Description automatically generated**

**CHART IDEAS:**